993.

Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser:

By JOHN WARD FENNO, N°. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1940.] PHILADELPHIA: WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 5, 1798. [VOLUME XIV.

☞ *The price of this Gazette is Eight dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in advance.*

For Sale,

THE SHIPS,

AERIAL,

AND

PENNSYLVANIA,

BURTHEN about three hundred tons each, built of the best materials and well found—may be sent to sea at a small expence. The character of these ships are so well known, that a particular description of them is deemed unnecessary. For terms apply to

GURNEY & SMITH.

nov. 22 §

For Sale,

THE SHIP

BOSTON PACKET,

HULINGS COWPERTHWAIT, Master,

BURTHEN about 2,500 barrels, a good strong Ship—has excellent accommodations for passengers, may be sent to sea with small expence. She is laying at Mifflin's wharf. For further particular enquire of

Isaac Harvey, jun, or
Smith & Ridgway.

november 16 §12t

☞ Said ship, if not sold on, or before the 5th of December, inst. will on that day, in the evening, be offered for sale by public auction, at the merchants's coffee house.

Smith & Ridgway,
Isaac Harvey, jun.

dec. 3.

FOR SALE,

THE SHIP

PERSEVERANCE,

James Williamson, master.

Just arrived from St Domingo, built in Philadelphia, of live Oak and Cedar, copper sheathed in London, burthen 320 tons mounting 16 guns and may be prepared for sea in a few days,

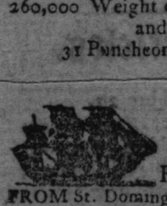
With her Cargo,

Now on Board,

CONSISTING OF

151 Hogsheads and 50 barrels Sugar
260,000 Weight of prime Coffee in hhds. bbls and bags &
31 Puncheons of Jamaica Rum.

ALSO,



THE BRIG

JACK,

R. WILLIAMSON, *Master.*

FROM St. Domingo, with her cargo, consisting of

43 hogsheads of Sugar,
And 40,000 weight of prime Coffee.

LIKEWISE,

THE BRIG

AMIABLE MATILDA,

MOUNTING 12 Guns, burthen two thousand two hundred barrels of Flour, and in compleat order.—Apply to

Thomas & John Ketland.

november 13 §

For Sale.

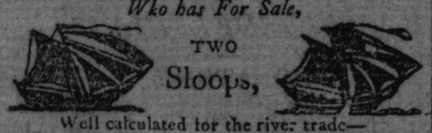
THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to decline the DRUG BUSINESS, offers For Sale, the whole Stock of

Drugs and Medicines, Instruments, &c.

The shop is elegant, commodious, and sufficiently known for the extensive business done in the wholesale and retail line; the situation equal to any in the city, being at the corner of Walnut and Second streets. The whole, or any part of the Stock, will be sold, as will best suit the purchaser. The terms may be known, by applying to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

Who has For Sale,



TWO

Sloops,

Well calculated for the river trade—

The PEGGY, about 30 tons burthen, Mulberry and Red Cedar frame, and remarkably stout, of an easy draught of water, rigging in good order.

The SALLY, about 30 tons, sails well, and in complete order for the lumber business.

☞ All persons indebted to the late firm of *Goldthwait & Baldwin, W. B. Goldthwait, Golathwait & Moore*, or the subscriber, are earnestly requested to make speedy payment to

JAMES MOORE, JUN.

august 3 §

BOSTON BEEF,

200 Barrels in Shipping Order.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN SKYRIN,
No. 96, North Front-street.

Who wants to Charter,

A GOOD STOUT VESSEL,

Of about 300 Tons burthen.

HAS ALSO FOR SALE,

40 Pipes of Madeira Wine, 3 years old.

nov 21 m4t

Old Madeira Wine.

27 pipes of old London particular

MADEIRA WINE,

in strong iron bound Hambro' casks, for sale by ROBERT ANDREWS.

Nov. 30. eodtf

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Store,

NO. 109, SOUTH FRONT STREET,

Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.

Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters. —From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*

november 19 §

FOR WILMINGTON,

NORTH-CAROLINA,

THE SHIP

COMMERCE,

Captain WOOD,

WILL take in freight on very moderate terms, and sail about the 25th instant. Apply to the Captain on board at Latimer's wharf, or

Willings & Francis,
Penn Street.

november 16 §

For SALE or CHARTER,

THE SHIP

MOLLY,

Burthen 4200 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built, well found and fitted, and may be ready to receive a cargo in a few days—she is pierced 18 guns, and mounts 12 new six pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE SHIP

DIANA,

Burthen 2,100 barrels of Flour, Philadelphia built of live oak and cedar, is pierced for fourteen guns, and mounts ten new four pounders, with small arms in proportion.

THE BRIG

AMAZON,

Burthen 1,300 barrels of Flour, New-England built, has lately been completely fitted, and may be ready for sea in a few days.

For terms apply to

NICKLIN & GRIFFITH.

Who have for Sale

on board sundry vessels at MARCUS-HOOK,

12,000 bushels of Liverpool fine salt
1,100 bushels of coals
286 crates of queens ware assorted
7 tierces of bottled porter
10 barrels of coleothard paint
4 do. of purple brown do.
2 quantity of yellow ocre in casks
6 barrels powdered Venetian red paint
6 barrels mineral black do.
15 barrels Spanish brown do.
35 boxes of pipes
91 boxes white } HAVANA SUGARS
89 do. brown }
3,500lbs. prime cochineal
3 barrels New Orleans indigo
4 puncheons Jamaica spirits
20 bales of sail canvass
379 sheets of copper, assorted from 48 by 24 to 60 by 48 inches
Two tubs raised still bottoms assorted
36 six pound guns 4½ feet, 8 cwt each
14 do. 4 feet, 10cwt and 4lbs each
50 barrels of gun powder
6 cases Manchester cotton checks
3 trunks muslins and shawls
14 cases muslinets, dimities and ginghams
28 chests coloured nankeens, muslinets, &c.
12 trunks printed calicoes
6 bales of white and coloured cassimeres
1 bale of course woollens
English nails assorted.

October 27. fri. &sat. tf.

For Sale,

THE SHIP

ALEXANDER,

Gideon Hall, master,

BURTHEN about 1000 barrels; an excellent live-oak and cedar built vessel; four years old sails remarkably fast, and is now ready to receive Cargo. Apply to

John Whitesides & Co.

Market street, nov. 28 d6t

HUDSON & YORKE,

NO. 54, NORTH FRONT STREET,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

Per the last arrivals from Europe,

A VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

Which they will dispose of on reasonable terms,

AMONGST WHICH ARE

Superfine and coarse cloths, coatings,
Elastic and fancy do.
Cassimeres, plains, duffils
Rose and stripe blankets well assorted in small bales
Furniture chintzes, cottons and dimeties
Callimancoes, camblets, durants, moreens, and joans
Muslins of all kinds
Velvets, velverets, thicksetts and fancy cords
An elegant assortment of ribbons
Red, white and yellow flannels
Red and green bocking and welsh baizes
An invoice cutlery and hardware
Cottonades, shawls, printed handkerchiefs
7-8 4-4 11-8 checks
9-8 & 5-4 cotton stripes
Cotton, worsted and silk hosiery
do do Gloves
Threads, bindings, tapes, &c. &c.

nov. 9. dtf8t

JOHN MILLER, junr.

Has returned to the City,

AND IS REMOVING FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,

To the Five Story Building, in Dock near Third-street.

Where he has for Sale

250 Bales of Bengal Goods;

CONSISTING OF

Cossaes
Baftas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

The remains of a Stock of

DRY GOODS,

Consisting of WOOLENS only,

AMONGST THEM ARE,

Cloths
Coatings
Blankets
Kendal Cottons
Hats, &c.

ALSO,

100 Hhds. of Old Rum,

Of a fine flavor, 3d & 4th proof.

nov 10 §

REMOVAL.

GEORGE DOBSON,

INFORMS his friends and the Public in general that he has removed from No. 25, South Third Street, to No 92, South side of Market-street, near the corner of Third Street, and is now opening a very extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,

SUITABLE FOR THE PRESENT SEASON,

WHICH HE HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per the ships William Penn, Amiable, and Jane, from London, and per Chesapeak and Thomas from Liverpool, and will be sold low for cash, or approved notes at a short date, viz,

London 7-4 Superfine Cloths and

Cassimeres, fashionable colours
Yorkshire 7 4 do and do.
Mixed and plain coatings
Welch flannels
Kersey beaver, for Spencers
Jeannets and Tabby cords
Velvets and velveteens
Velverets and thicksetts
7, 8, 4 4 and 11 8 cotton and linen checks
7-8 and 4 4 bed ties
6-4 and 7-4 bed bunts
London chintz and chintz furnitures
Furniture cottons
Do. dimities
Purple and chintz shawls
Silk do.
Camels hair do.
Silk, cotton, and worsted hose
India and British muslins of every description
Black and white crape
Tiffany and paper fans
Hats assorted in small cases
Umbrellas
Peelings and sattins
Laces and edgings
Ribbands
Silk Modes
Superfine French cambrick
Cambrick muslins
Do. threads
Pulicat and Madras Handkerchiefs,

And an elegant assortment of

Brussels and Wilton Carpeting.

november 17 §

IMPORTED,

AND FOR SALE BY

ISAAC HARVEY, JUN.

No. 9, SOUTH WATER STREET,

A QUANTITY OF

Surinam Cotton and Coffee.

Irish linens, in whole and half boxes
Checks
Drogheda linen
Irish hackled Flax
Liverpool Salt and Coal.

ALSO A PARCEL OF

Men's and Women's Combs assorted.
Scot's Thread—and
One hundred hogsheads of prime Aux-Cayes MOLASSES.

11 mo. 12th daw

IMPORTED

IN THE LAST ARRIVALS,

Superfine, fine and common cloths

Swandowns
Baizes
Velvetts
Velveretts
Printed calicoes
Furniture & fancy dimities
Hair ribbands
Sewing silk
Brussels and Persia carpetts
Buttons

For sale, for cash or credit, by
SAMUEL MERRICK.
no. 243 Arch street.

nov. 16 §tJan1

LANDING,

From on board the Brig Amiable Matilda, Richard Stites, Master, from Cape Nichola Mole.

23 Bales Socks and Flannel Drawers
18 Do Gaiters
2 Do. Rugs
1 Do. Havre Sacks
2 Do. Flannel Trowsers
2 Do. Tents,

} Such as are used in the King's army.

Also just Imported,

In the Ship Chesapeake, Captain Webb, from Liverpool,

147 Crates of Queen's Ware,

Assorted particularly to suit the West-India Market—For Sale by

Thomas & John Ketland.

november 7 §

Now Landing,

From on board the ship John Bulkeley, and for sale at the stores of Jesse & Robert Waln,

350,000 weight of Java Coffee,

of the first quality in bags.

150,000 weight of Java Sugar,

in cannisters.

nov. 23 dtf

BOND & BROOKS,

CORNER OF MARKET AND SIXTH STREETS,

HAVE RECEIVED,

by the late arrivals from London, Liverpool and Hull,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

Which they are now opening for sale, at the most reduced prices, for cash or the usual credit.

—

A capital Stand for Business

TO LET,

That large and commodious *HOUSE*, no. 39, south Front street, directly opposite the Post-Office, together with the store and cellar, on the Water-street side. Enquire as above.

nov 17 §

FOR SALE,

A QUANTITY OF

ROCOA.

ALSO—A few bales of excellent Cayenne Cotton, subject to drawback—enquire of

JEHU HOLLINGSWORTH & Co.

No. 47, Penn Street

nov. 24 dtf

JAMAICA RUM,

A Cargo now landing at South street wharf,

FOR SALE BY

PETER BLIGHT,

Apply at Stores on the Wharf,

WHO ALSO OFFERS FOR SALE,

BRANDY, 1st and 4th proof
Madeira and Port WINES, &c. &c.

Nov. 1. dtf

For sale by the subscribers,

A FEW BALES OF

WOOLENS,

Containing Cloths & Blankets,

150 bales Bengal muslins
20 do. Madras handkerchiefs, elegant patterns
202 pieces Russia sheeting
10 boxes umbrellas
a quantity of cassia
30 tons Petersburg clean hemp
25 pipes, 3 years old, finest particular Madeira wine
a quantity of sheathing copper

Mordecai Lewis.

nov. 26 d2w

Just imported in ships William Penn, Amiable and Jean, from London,

A quantity of Cannon, sizes 4, 6 & 9 lb. } with balls
Carronades, 12 lbs. } suitable.
Musquets, Musquetoons, Cutlasses and Pistols, for ships use,
Rifled barreled Guns, Fowling Pieces, and Horseman's Pistols,
400,000 Flints, chiefly for muskets, in kegs.
} By the package only.
Regulation Light Dragoon Sabres, with Iron Scabbards, in cases of 50 each,
Light Cavalry Swords in Cases
Sabres, Swords and Cutlasses, with plated mounting
Ironmongery and Cutlery in casks, a general assortment—For Sale by

Thomas & Jno. Ketland,

Philad. October 25.

Just Arrived,

In the Brig Eliza, from the Mediterranean, and now landing at Walnut Street wharf,

Fourth proof Brandy in Pipes.

Brimstone.

An assortment of valuable DRUGS,

CONSISTING OF

Opium, Aloes, Cantharides, Camphire, Senna, Cremor Tartar, &c. &c.
Essences of Lemon and Bergamot
Writing paper
Sweet oil in bottles and flasks
Olives, anchovies and capers
Juniper berries
ALSO.—Italian lutestrings
Satins
Crapes
Umbrellas
Remaining on Hand,

St. Croix Sugars,

Claret in cases
Old Madeira Wine of the first quality.

JAMES YARD.

November 3 §

ISRAEL PLEASANTS & Co.

No. 74. South Second street,

Have returned from the country; and have for SALE, as usual, a large assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Imported in the last vessels from Europe, consisting of articles principally suited to the present and approaching season

They are determined to sell off very low for cash or short credit.

Note. All persons indebted to the late firm of *Samuel Pleasants & Sons*, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

Israel Pleasants & Co.

Nov. 2 d4w

Genteel Boarding & Lodging,

IN A HEALTHY SITUATION.

MRS. M'CREA informs her friends and the Public, that she is prepared to accommodate several Gentlemen, with genteel Boarding and Lodging, at No. 17, Filbert street.

nov. 28 dtf

DESERTED,

FROM the ship of war *Delaware*, under the command of the subscriber, two seamen, viz.—

Francis Cazenave, a Portuguese, aged 28, about 5 feet 6 inches high, dark complexion, black eyes and hair, speaks French and Spanish fluently, and tolerable good English. Also,

Thomas Pendergrast, an Englishman, aged 26, about 5 feet 7 inches high, light hair, fresh complexion and blue eyes.

Whoever apprehends said deserters, and delivers them on board any ship of war belonging to the United States, or lodges them in goal shall receive 20 dollars reward, or 10 dollars for either of them.

STEPHEN DECATUR.

nov. 24 d10t

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JAMES THOMPSON, of the Indian Queen, Fourth street deceased, are desired to make payment to the subscribers—and those who have any demands against the said estate, are requested to send in their accounts duly attested for settlement, to

MARGARET THOMPSON, } Administratrix.
JOHN THOMPSON, } Administrator.

nov. 23 d1m

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Doctor Hugh Hodge, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having demands against the Estate are desired to authenticate and present them to.

MARIA HODGE, administratrix.
SAMUEL HODGDEN, administrator.

nov 20 §

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Doctor FRANCIS BOWES SAYRE, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having demands against the said Estate, are desired to produce the same, duly authenticated, to

Ann Sayre, } Administratrix.
Robert Heysham, } Administrator.

november 15 d2w

To be Sold at Auction,

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER,

On THURSDAY, the 13th December next,

At the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, in BOSTON, precisely at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Two Notes of Hand,

Signed by Kelly and Clark, and indorsed by Martin Kinsley, Thomas Barber and James Greenleaf, dated December 18, 1795, and payable the 1st day of January, 1799, viz.

One Note for three thousand six hundred dollars, and one Note for four thousand eight hundred dollars.

Boston, november 14 (22)

The Subscribers

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN INVOICE OF

Choice Cheshire & Double Glouceſter

CHEESE.

[Per the CHESAPEAKE from Liverpool.]

100 Boxes of Window Glass,

Of various sizes, per the JANE, from London.

They have also for Sale,

200 Casks of Refined Salt-Petre,

AND A QUANTITY OF

Fine CASTOR OIL.

James C. & Samuel W. Fisher.

November 1 dtf

FOR SALE,

By FISHBOURN WHARTON,

at No. 128 South Fourth-street.

China Ware,
Nankeens
Teas
Boglipores
Lutestrings, &
Silk Shawls.

nov. 13. odtf

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following certificates of Funded Debt, standing in the name of Robert Whitworth, of Chelsea, London, the said Certificates having been forwarded by the ship Ellice, Hatvey, from London for New-York, captured by the French, and supposed to be lost.

No. 11437, 6 Per Cent. Stock, dated New-York, 18th April, 1796, for Dollars. 1481,47.

No. 8171, 3 Per Cent. dated New-York, 18th April 1796, for dollars 400.

SAMUEL MILBANK.

november 18 d6w

James & William Miller,

No. 53, North Third Street,

Near Arch street, have the following articles for sale upon moderate terms for cash, or the usual credit.

Scarlet Cloths,

Low and middling quality, Mulberry and Green ditto, White, Red, and Yellow Irish Flannels, Blue, Green, and Mulberry half thicks. India calicoes, Gurrahs, Mamoodies, Guzzines, and other muslins, fancy and plain cotton hose, velvets, thicksetts and fancy cords, sewing silk and twist of all colours, ferreting, hair ribbon, coloured threads, India flag bandanoes, and other black and coloured silk handkerchiefs, a variety of other cotton do. Soute romals, red Gilla handkerchiefs, moreens, joan spinning, fustians, beavers, jeans, satinetts and royal ribbs, also muslinets and dimities, ginghams, ladies' kid and coloured gloves; &c.

nov. 21 d10t

JOHN DOBBIN,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER.

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public in general that he carries on his business at No 99 *South Second-street*, nearly opposite the Merchants Coffee house where gentlemen may be supplied in the neatest and best manner—he assures those who may please to favor him with their commands that no attention or exertion on his side shall be wanting to render him worthy of their encouragement.

N. B. Orders received will be punctually attended to.

november 5 §

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT application will be made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of Bank stock, standing in the name of Hodgson Atkinson of London, which were lost from on board the Swallow Packet, capt. Kidd, captured by the French, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.

No. 2424, issued in lieu of No. 1891, 1892, 5662 and 16640, for 4 shares.

No. 3020, issued in lieu of 11055, and 11057, for 3 shares.—7 shares.

THOMAS M'EUEN & Co.

nov. 28 d3m

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN SPURRIER, late of this city deceased are requested to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands against said estate are desired to render their accounts properly attested to the subscriber for settlement

ELEANOR SPURRIER,
Administratrix.

nov. 28 §3t

NOTICE,

ALL Persons having claims upon the Estate of James Thorburn, Stonecutter, deceased, are desired to present them for payment—and those indebted to pay their respective balances to

Benjamin W. Morris, administrator.

nov 14 32w3w

994

Volunteer Greens.

THE Gentlemen compoſing the Troop of Volunteer Greens, will meet at Wm. Ogden's Tavern, in Cheſnut-ſtreet, on Thurſday evening the 6th inſtant, at 6 o'clock, on buſineſs of importance.

JOHN MORRELL Capt.

December 3 1798.

LETTERS,

TO go by the ſhip Amiable, Daniel C. Tillinghaſt, maſter, for London, will be received at No. 12, North Third-ſtreet, until the 8th inſt. incluſive.

dec. 3. dt8th

ALL PERSONS

Indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. JOHN FENNO, late of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment, and thoſe having any demands, to preſent them for ſettlement, to

SAMUEL BLODGET, Adm'r.
or
JOHN WARD FENNO, Agent
to the adminiſtration.

nov 30 §3m

Lancaſter County Butter,

IN KEGS,—FOR SALE,

Enquire at No. 92, Market-ſtreet, near Third-Street.

dec 1 §

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

HALLOWELL & RHOADS

BEING this day diſſolved by mutual conſent, all perſons having demands againſt ſaid Firm, are deſired to bring in their accounts for ſettlement, and thoſe who are indebted are requeſted to make immediate payment to Samuel Rhoads, who is authorized to receive the ſame.

E. HALLOWELL
SAMUEL RHOADS.

dec. 1 §

Notice.

ALL perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN BEIZ, late of Southwark, baker, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment; and thoſe having any demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, to forward their accounts, properly atteſted, for ſettlement, to

CHRISTIAN BEIZ, Adminiſtrator,
no. 115, Mulbery-ſtreet.

Philadelphia, december 3, 1798

F. HELFFRICH

OFFERS his kind ſervice to his friends and the the public in general, and informs them that he will undertake ſmoaking of Meat in the compleateſt manner, and at the cheapeſt rate; has a large ſmoak-houſe, in which he will ſmoke at once a thouſand pieces—he would, therefore, kindly thank thoſe who would favor him their cuſtom, by applying to him at the corner of Shippen and Fifth ſtreets.

dec. 3 ¶d3t

WANTED,

A Perſon who is a good accountant and underſtands Book-keeping, none need apply, who cannot produce good recommendations—Enquire of the Printer hereof.

dec 1 §

FOR SALE,

And immediate poſſeſſion give,

A CONVENIENT three Story Brick Houſe Piazza and Kitchen, in a pleaſant and airy part of the City—Enquire of the Printer.

dec 3 d6t

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.

JOHN NIXON & CO.

December 1. §

For Sale,

45 Boxes Havanna Sugar
56 Hhds. St Croix do } Entitled to
51 Bags Carracas Cocoa } Drawback.
35 Hhds. Coffee

RUNDLE & LEECH,
No. 9, Walnut-ſtreet.

dec 3 d1w

COFFEE.

25 Tierces Coffee,

FOR SALE BY

JAMES YARD,
Walnut-ſtreet Wharf.

dec 3 §

TO-MORROW,

WILL BE LANDED,

At —— Wharf, from on board the Schooner THOMAS, Captain BROWN,

From MARTINIQUE.

111 Hhds. of bright Muſcovada *SUGAR.*

For Sale, by

Philips, Cramond & Co.

dec 3 3t

WANTED.

Convenient Lodgings, for an elderly Lady, in a reſpectable private family, where there are no children. Enquire at this office.

dec 4 d1m

WANTED

AN Apprentice to the Paper-making Buſineſs—a boy about the age of 10 to 13 would be preferred. Enquire of the Printer.

december 4 3t

FOR SALE,

By the Subſcribers

200 Bolts Ruſſia Duck,

50 pipes London particular bill Madeira Wine
1 pair nine pound Cannon
A few Bales Madras Handkerchiefs
4000 lbs Fine Flota Indigo
23 Barrels Beef.

Willings & Francis.

Penn-ſtreet, November 28 §

FOR SALE

By the Subſcribers,

ON VERY LOW TERMS

WAX CANDLES,

OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

Either by the ſingle box of 24lbs. or by the quantity.

Willings & Francis.

nov 24

MAYOR'S OFFICE

REMOVED to 157 South Second-ſtreet.

Nov. 24 §2w

*** An Apprentice will be taken at this Office; if immediate application is made.

The Subſcribers

Have received by the late European arrivals, the

Following Merchandize,

Shipped them principally on conſignament, which they offer by package to Wholeſale Store Keepers, or others, on very advantageous terms, for caſh, approved notes, or bills of exchange on London.

Medford & Willis,
No. 78, North Front Street.

IRISH LINENS.

Printed calicoes, furnitures, purple and colored ſhawls
Muſlins, plain, ſtriped, checked and fancy
Balalore, jaconet and book handkerchiefs
Pins and ſundry haberdaſhery
Scotch and colored threads
Scarlet cloth cardinals
Durants and calamancoes
Worſted, cotton and fancy hoſiery
Felt, caſtor and beaver hats
Yorkſhire plains and broadcloths
Plain and twilled coatings and duffills
Caſſimeres and ſwanſdowns
Stripe, point and role blankets
White colored and Welſh flannels
Knapt Kendall cottons
Worſted and mohair pluſhes
Pewter, aſſorted in ſmall caſks
Spades, ſhovels, frying pans & ironmongery
An invoice of Watches &
100 caſks nails aſſorted.

nov 12 §

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

ALEXR. J. MILLER, & Co.

BEING diſſolved on the firſt inſtant, by the death of James Davis, all perſons indebted to the ſame are requeſted to ſettle with the ſubſcriber, and thoſe to whom they are indebted are requeſted to call on him for payment.

ALEXR. J. MILLER,
No. 64, South Front ſtreet.

Who has on hand,

TO BE DISPOSED OF ON LOW TERMS,
By the Package or Piece.

Fine plain and tamboured Muſlins
Guzzennas
Baftas
Coſſaes
Rabobgungies
India Callicoes
Book Muſlins
Coloured ditto
Real & Mock Madras & pullicat hkfs.
Brown Sileſias
Tickings, *&c. &c.*

JUST ARRIVED,

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Iriſh Linens & Ruſſia Sheetings.

nov 28 §

WOODBURY ACADEMY.

THE Truſtees of the Woodbury Academy, in the county of Glouceſter, New-Jerſey, have the ſatisfaction to inform the numerous patrons of that inſtitution, that they have engaged *the Reverend Thomas Picton*, to be the principal, and to take upon himſelf the charge of the above ſeminary of learning, and that the ſchool will be opened on *Monday* the *tenth* inſt.

Among the exerciſes taught here, will be the *Engliſh*, *Latin* and *Greek* languages, gramatically.—*Reading*, *Writing* and *Arithmetic* in all its branches; *Stenography*, *Geometry*, *Geography* and the uſe of the *Globes*, *Navigation*, *Surveying*, *&c.*

This inſtitution was formerly under the care and direction of the *Reverend Andrew Hunter*, and the ſame attention to the *education and morals* of the youth, which under him ſo highly diſtinguiſhed it, will be purſued with unremitting endeavors, by the preſent principal and duly attended to by the truſtees.

The town of Woodbury is ſituated on an high and elevated ſpot: It is airy, pleaſant, and remarkably healthy, and is but nine miles diſtant from the City of Philadelphia.

Parents, guardians and others, who are diſpoſed to ſend their youth to this place, will find exceeding good, decent and comfortable boarding and lodging, and upon reaſonable terms.

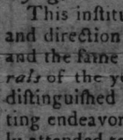
Further application may be made to the principal, or

John Sparks
Thomas Hendry
Franklin Davenport
Joſhua L. Howell } Truſtees.
John Blackwood
John Lawrence
Thomas Heſton

ELISHA CLARK,
Secretary of the Board.

Woodbury, Dec 3 d10t

FOR SAVANNAH,



The faſt ſailing and well accommodated SHIP

SWIFT-PACKET,

PATRICK GRIBBEN, maſter.

A conſtant trader, will ſail in a few days.—For freight or paſſage apply to the maſter on board, or N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95, South Front-ſtreet.

dec 4 d1w

Jamaica & Port-au-Prince Sugars } *Entitled to draw back*
Madeira Wines
New-England Rum
Ground Ginger, and
Tnner's Oil,

FOR SALE BY

Wharton & Lewis,
no. 115 ſouth Front ſtreet.

nov.14 d3t af 12awtf

This Day Publiſhed,

And for ſale at the Office of the Editor, No. 119 Cheſnut-ſtreet,

(Price 1-8th of a Dollar,)

AN ORATION,

Pronounced July 4, 1798,

At the requeſt of the Inhabitants of the Town of *BOSTON*, in commemoration of the anniverſary of American Independence.

By JOSIAH QUINCY.

"The inroads upon our public liberty, call for reparation—The wrongs we have ſuſtained, call for—*Juſtice*. That Reparation and that Juſtice, may yet be obtained, by *Union*, *Spirit*, and *Firmneſs*. But to *divide* and *conquer* was the maxim of the Devil in the garden of Eden, and to *diſunite* and *enſlave* hath been the principle of all *his* votaries from that period to the preſent."

Obſervations on the Boſton Port-Bill, &c. p. 78 by the late J. Quincy, jun.

auguſt 11

NOTICE.

ALL perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of the late WILLIAM CLIFTON, deceaſed, and who have not already produced their their accounts, are requeſted to ſend them to the ſubſcriber at no 172, north Second ſtreet.

ELIZABETH TUCKER, Adm'x

Philadelphia, nov. 29, 1798 m&th4w

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER 5.*

From the FARMER'S JOURNAL.

THE CORPORAL, *No. V.*

——Rem facias, recte ſi poſis
Si non, quocunque modo, rem —— HORACE.

Get money by all means, get money, my lad,
By good means were better—but by good means or bad.

WHEN we take a contemplative view of mankind, we find them pretty much the ſame in every age. From the moſt diſtant annals of antiquity down to the preſent day, certain propenſities have diſcovered themſelves to be predominant in the human mind, and have influenced more or leſs the actions of men. Such is the deſire for becoming rich. Many men have adopted the maxim we have quoted from Horace. Their hearts are ſo much ſet upon acquiring wealth, that they often deſcend to baſe and low live, nay, vicious means to obtain their deſired end. Altho' they are in eligible circumſtances themſelves, and ſtand in need of nothing; yet, to gratify a curſed avaricious diſpoſition, they will grind the faces of the poor; cauſe the widow and the fatherleſs to weep; and increaſe the afflictions of the unfortunate. For a trifling debt, which perhaps was contracted from neceſſity, they will explore the habitations of poverty and indigence. They will pull away the bed from under a ſick mother, and drive off the only remaining cow, on whoſe milk a family of ſix helpleſs children depend for ſuſtenance. It is true the laws of ſociety authorize ſuch conduct. But the laws of nature, the laws of humanity, benevolence, and charity, ſpeak a very different language; and we muſt conclude a man is diveſted of every tender and humane feeling, who will act in ſuch a manner.

Some men conſider themſelves as made entirely for the purpoſe of getting money; and think the end of their creation cannot be obtained without it. They toil, and labor, fatigue themſelves, and wear out their lives for the pleaſure of handling a few guineas, and contemplating farms.

Money is the hobby horſe of the preſent day. It is conſidered as the ſummum bonum of man's nature. It conſtitutes dignity; confers excellence; and conceals deformity. It makes a man noble, learned and wiſe: His converſation is particularly attended to; and even his looks and geſtures will be critically obſerved and conſidered as exhibiting ſuperior excellence.

If a man of the moſt deſpicable character and perſon, acquires a large fortune; he is immediately courted, and becomes a leading member in ſociety. The ladies will admire him, call him handſome, and will be quite in love with the dear creature. On the other hand; only let an old maid, nine winters paſt the corner, by the death of an aunt, or ſome other relation, come into the poſſeſſion of a fortune: Though ſhe was before neglected, and paſſed by with contempt; ſhe all at once becomes the *bon ton*. Her youth is renewed—the wrinkles are all fled, and ſhe is ſurrounded by a tribe of fops, as thick as butterflies around a mudpuddle. Some Critics will perhaps condemn this metaphor. Fops they muſt acknowledge may be well compared with butterflies; but they will aſk, where is the ſimilitude between a woman and a mudpuddle? I own I cannot tell; but I think there is as much likeneſs between a woman and a mudpuddle, as there is between a woman and a cloud, which was the famous compariſon of *Dean Swift*. But the metaphor is not ſo bad if we conſider it. A mudpuddle is ſometimes ruffled with the wind, and then becomes more wrily; and at laſt it evaporates into the air. They can diſcover half joes, and guineas in her countenance; and many other beauties, which would never have had an exiſtence, had ſhe remained in her former indigent circumſtances. Theſe things ought not ſo to be; and the world ſhould be aſhamed, that it can diſcover no merit but what is annexed to money. Riches make great folks: But they alone cannot conſtitute happineſs. Happineſs is not always confined to affluence, and high-life; but ſhe ſometimes deigns to be preſent at the lonely dwelling of obſcurity, and retirement. The rich are not more capable of ſocial happineſs, and real enjoyment, than thoſe in moderate circumſtances. The ſun does not ſhine more genial upon them; neither does the air breathe more fragrant, and refreſhing. Pitileſs diſeaſe, excruciating pain, and agonizing death are not more lenient towards them, than the more humble walks of life.

Pallida mors, aequo pulſat pede, pauperum tabernas Regumque turres.

Anxious and fearful ſolicitude always ſets upon the brows of the rich man. This is not all: Riches not only render him wretched; but they are too apt to ſhut up the avenues of public ſpirit, and benevolence in the heart, and to contraſt his liberality. The more he acquires, the more eager he is to accumulate, and keep what he has got. His heart becomes calloused to the feelings of humanity. Hence the poor, indigent and unhappy ſufferers depart from his gates with their wants unſupplied. The public buildings goes to decay. "*Templa dei ruunt*," and the badly ſupported ſchool calls out in vain for his encouragement and aſſiſtance. When riches have this effect (which is not unfrequently the caſe) we have no reaſon to envy their poſſeſſor; but rather to thank God we are not like him. If riches do not enable us to live better—enjoy a greater ſhare of the conveniences of life, and aſſiſt us in becoming more extenſively uſeful in the world, we might as well not poſſeſs them. Money concealed in the Mexican and Peruvian mountains, is of as much advantage to mankind as when it is laid up in the cheſt, and bags of miſers.

Miſers tremble! For if your wealth does not leave you, you muſt ſoon leave it: And when ſeparated from all that your hearts hold dear you muſt of conſequence be unhappy. Look into the bible, and with attention peruſe theſe words, "It is eaſier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of Heaven."

Late Foreign News.

CONTINUED.

LONDON, October 2.

No official account had laſt night been received reſpecting the ſquadron which ſailed from Breſt, but we can ſtate upon the beſt information, that it conſiſted, as we ſome days ago informed the public, of 2 ſhips of the line and 8 frigates, having 5000 troops on board. There is good information at the admiralty of this ſquadron having made a courſe to the ſouthward after leaving Breſt, and then making a large offing to the weſtward, and ſo coming round, probably upon the North of Ireland; but we are ſatisfied that the vigilance and number of our ſquadrons off the Iriſh coaſt muſt completely fruſtrate the plans of the enemy, and probably leave few of their ſhips to regain their own ports.

October 4.

Our paper of this day contains two notes addreſſed by the French miniſters to the imperial deputation at Raſtadt: it will be ſeen that they are of a conciliatory nature. The preſervation of the fortreſſes of Kehl and Caſſel is no longer inſiſted on; and tho' the French plenipotentiaries yield no other point of importance, they ſeem ſincerely deſirous of bringing the negociations to a concluſion. We cannot, however, diſcover any material alteration in the language of theſe notes from thoſe which have been formerly delivered: and we think the conceſſions they contain have been erroneouſly aſcribed to the influence of admiral Nelſon's victory, an event which was not known at Raſtadt when they were delivered in to the congreſs: The notes were written on the 14th, the very day the account was firſt publiſhed at Paris in a ſupplement of the Redacteur. Indeed agreeing to the demolition of the works of Kehl and Caſſel is not conceding ſo much as may at firſt ſight appear, ſince the French ſeem determined to retain poſſeſſion of their reſpective territories, and refuſe to withdraw the republican troops from the right ſide of the Rhine, until the concluſion of a a peace.

The anſwer of the Deputation of the empire to the above notes will be anxiouſly expected, for by the tenor of the next concluſion it is probable we ſhall be able to judge whether there is to be peace or war on the Continent. The defeat of the French fleet, however, is not likely to have that effect upon the deliberations of the Congreſs which ſome imagine, ſince, however fatal it may prove to the naval power of the French republic, it certainly does not materially alter its relations with the German Empire.

A letter from Italy of 5th of Sept. ſays, that on the 10th of Auguſt a fire broke out on board an Engliſh frigate in the harbor of Meſſina, by which ſhe was partly conſumed. The French brig, the Lodi, which was lying at anchor there, availed herſelf of the circumſtance, and ſet ſail in purſuance of her courſe.

An Italian paper ſays, the Generals Sardanne and Roſſignolare indefatigable in their preparations for a ſecond expedition from Toulon.

The attack of our Fleet was the moſt maſterly it is poſſible to conceive. The French ſhips were drawn up an a cloſe Line of Battle, with ſprings upon their cables, thus preſenting a chain of batteries againſt our ſhips—They had moreover batteries on ſhore, and gun boats to protect their flanks. Thus formidably poſted, it ſeemed difficult to force them—but they knew not the enterpriſing ſpirit of the Britiſh Admiral, or the undaunted courage of his officers and men. Sir Horatio Nelſon made the ſignal for his fleet as they led in to get between the French line and the ſhore—It was in performing this ſervice that the Culloden, our Van Ship, ſgrounded. We ſympathiſe with the feelings of the gallant captain Toubridge upon this unfortunate and trying event. Happily the abſence of his ſhip was of no material diſadvantage to the reſult of the action, though had ſhe had no ſhare of it, commanded as ſhe is, we have little doubt that every one of the French ſhips would have been taken or burnt.

Of the duration of the action different accounts have been received. It appears, however, according to the moſt correct ſtatement, that it laſted nineteen hours.

By the manœuvre of getting between the French ſhips and the ſhore, the Britiſh came upon that ſide on which the French were the leaſt prepared for action, and thus a very material advantage was in the firſt inſtance gained. To repeat how our officers and men behaved is ſuperfluous—the moſt ardent language of panegyric would fall far ſhort of their deſerts.

We underſtand that Sir Horatio Nelſon's wound, though he writes in high ſpirits, may probably oblige him to come to England. Though the country muſt deeply regret the occaſion that ſuſpends even for a time the ſervices of ſuch a man, yet it will be acknowledged that he has done enough to immortaliſe his name, and make him be handed down to poſterity as one of the firſt of Britiſh heroes.

Strange as it may appear, we are well aſſured that in Buonaparte's diſpatches, the name of India is never once mentioned. His mind, it appears, was ſo engroſſed by the diſtreſs and deſperation of his ſituation, that he could think of that alone. And in a letter from one of Buonnparte's officers to his wife, he ſays that from the proſpect which they then had, he would think himſelf very fortunate to return to Paris—his expreſſion is—*even wiehout his ſhirt.*

Buonaparte was without neceſſaries.—His hoſpitals were full, and without medicines of any kind. Under theſe circumſtances the fate of Buonaparte and his army ſeems nearly decided. Cut off from all reinforements and ſupplies, nothing could be left for him but to ſurrender at diſcretion, or to make *Cairo* a Charnel houſe, by the mortality of his whole army.

Captain Berry, who gallantly fought the Vanguard, after Sir Horatio Nelſon was wounded, may be hourly expected to arrive with the admiral's more particular detail of the glorious act on which he atchieved. To captain Berry the country owes every tribute of the warmeſt gratitude for the moſt important ſervices that perhaps ever were rendered by any man in a ſimilar ſituation.

The hon. captain Capel is the yonngeſt ſon of the earl of Eſſex: he has of courſe been made poſt captain.

A meſſenger was diſpatched from the admiralty on Tueſday at twelve o'clock to his majeſty at Weymouth, with an account of the glorious victory obtained by admiral Nelſon. The meſſenger had reached Saliſbury in five hours and a half, and expected to reach Weymouth by ten o'clock at night.

The ſhips Guillame Tell, and Genereux, mentioned in the liſt to have eſcaped, were in ſuch a terrible condition, that to ſave their lives, their crews thought proper to run them on ſhore on the coaſt of Alexandria, and abandon them, but the poor wretches were put to the ſword by the Arabs. Thus they have only ſaved two frigates of their whole fleet; and it is moſt probable that before they reach any port, they may fall into the hands of ſome of the Engliſh cruizers.

The tranſports were all anchored in the Nile, and admiral Nelſon was preparing fire ſhips to burn them.

A French ſloop of war was alſo taken by the Alcmene Britiſh frigate, and they found in her diſpatches for the French directory from the commiſſary of the French army, which mention that on their landing they met with great reſiſtance from the natives, which coſt them 2000 of their beſt troops which were killed. They all found themſelves ſurrounded by immenſe numbers of Arabs; the greateſt ſcarcity of proviſions prevailed among them; even to get a little water they are obliged to riſk an engagement; the plague had got amongſt the troops, and had already made great ravage. Buonaparte was in the moſt deplorable ſtate imaginable, and is at a loſs what to do, deprived of his fleet, and ſurrounded by hoſts of Arabs, who murder every Frenchman they can get hold of. The number of troops landed was about 30,000 men.

The Culloden having got aground at the time of her going to anchor, did not get into action; ſhe was, however, got off afterwards.

Domeſtic Articles.

NORFOLK, November 27.

Arrived ſchooner Argus, capt Howe, 40 days from St Jago de Cuba, bound to Baltimore, Left there, ſhip Aurora, Stanſbury, Baltimore; brig Confidence, March, ditto; brig Gracy, Treat, New-York; ſchr Liberty, Taylor, do.

Americans, prizes to the French in St. Yago.

Brig Eleanor, Treat, Baltimore.
Schr Maria, Ober, Norfolk.
Sloop Robert, Town, Philadelphia.
Harwich Packet, Driggs, Middletown.
All condemned.

Engliſh prizes in St Jago.

Ships Alexander and Aurora, of Greenock, mounting 14 guns each, captured by a French privateer of 8 guns; alſo ſhip Sally, Trott, of Liverpool, mounting 16 guns, taken by the Paulina, French privateer of 3 guns.

On the 29th Oct was boarded by the Lark Britiſh ſloop of war, Stork, who brought on board of her the maſter and mate of the ſloop Fair American, of Rhode-Iſland, who were wrecked on Henega on the 22d September in a hurricane.

Off St. Jago, was boarded by the American armed ſhip Liberty, of Salem, captain Freeman, 20 guns, on a cruiſe.—Captain F. had ſome of his men who were of the Hanſe extraction preſſed a few days before by the Lark, Britiſh ſloop of war.

PHILADELPHIA.

DONATIONS

Received by the Committee for the relief of the ſick and infirm poor in the city and ſuburbs of Philadelphia.—*viz.*

13 ſpotted rugs
3 diaper coverlids,
2 pair roſe blankets;
2 pieces white baize,
59 yards ſtriped linſey,
43 do. ¾ mixed coating,
130 do. 6-4 do.
23 do. ſtriped do.
20 pair boys yarn hoſe,
10 pair men's do. and
3 yards mill'd drab broad cloth, from ——, of this city.
4 cwts of rye and buckwheat flour,
6 buſhels of potatoes,
43 heads of cabbage,
23 lb. ſalt meat,
3 do. butter,

And in caſh 10 dollars 30 cents from a number of the inhabitants of Plumſted, Bedminſter, and Aillſtown townſhips, Buck's county, received from Jacob Myers,

180 buſhels of potatoes from Gibbs and Cheyning, of New-Port, Rhode-Iſland.

By order of the Committee

EDWARD GARRIGUES, Preſt.
Atteſt,
PETER BARKER, Clerk.

12th mo 3d, 1798.

Joſeph Thomas's Creditors

ARE requeſted to meet at the *City Tavern*, Second, near Walnut ſtreet, on Friday evening the 4th December,

nov. 30

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

LONDON, September 28.

Extract of a letter from captain M'Dougal of the Two Friends, to Meſſrs. Hopkins and Gray.

"On my voyage from Philadelphia with my ſhip Two Friends, of that port bound for London, on the 25th of Auguſt, lat. 46. 30. and long. 30. weſt of London, I was captured by the French privateer Good Fortune, of Bordeaux, captain Noel, mounting 18 guns, and 150 men, who took out my mate and nine of my beſt men; put a prize maſter and ſeventeen men on board, with directions to proceed for Paſſage, in Spain. Myſelf, with five men, continued on board, and I formed a plan to retake my ſhip; and being in their poſſeſſion 11 days, on the 4th inſt. I got poſſeſſion of a piſtol; ſame day I gave the watch-word, and preſented my piſtol to the prize-maſter, who with uplifted hands called for mercy; three of my men then only on deck oppoſed to twelve Frenchmen, ſome ran up the rigging, the fellow at the helm ran below, one was badly wounded by my cook with an axe, and another with a cutlaſs; the action did not laſt more than five minutes. My two men who were below did not come on deck till we had finiſhed, and were cloſing the hatches. I then made three diviſions of the Frenchmen, to prevent any communication. My ſhip made much water, and I made a few of the Frenchmen aſſiſt daily at the pumps. Having a fine fair wind, I, nor none of my people, never left the deck day or night, and came to anchor in the Downs on the 12th inſtant."

The French papers ſpeculate upon the probability of the Empire making a ſeparate peace, in caſe of hoſtilities being reſumed between Auſtria and France. And ſuch a peace, they ſay, would be advantageous to the emperor in a military point of view; for it would contract his line of defence; his northern frontiers would be guaranteed by the neutrality of Germany, his forces would be concentrated, and he would be the better able to combine his military operations with Ruſſia. But in iſolating himſelf from the Germanic body, would he not loſe his political conſideration in the Empire? And would not France poſſeſs the ſame advantage as the Emperor of concentrating her force?

October 4.

The Hamburgh mail due on Sunday laſt arrived yeſterday.

The Porte, it appears, is ſeriouſly diſpoſed to revenge the unjuſt aggreſſions of the French, and ſome of the miniſters have been diſplaced for not ſhewing themſelves ſufficiently active.

The article from Vienna is dated on the 15th ult. but as capt. Capel paſſed through that city on the 18th, and brought there the official intelligence of the defeat of the French fleet, no account could be given in this mail of its effects either upon the Court or the people of Vienna.

The Hamburgh mail which became due yeſterday has not arrived.

No intelligence had yeſterday been received from the fleet under lord Bridport, nor had any account reached town of the expedition from Breſt.

Buonaparte's diſpatches were taken, as was ſtated in the letter from on board the Orion, inſerted in our paper of yeſterday, in a veſſel coming down the Nile, and which was taken by our ſhips on the 7th Auguſt, and not, as was at firſt conceived, in one of the prizes captured by Admiral Nelſon.

Admiral Nelſon's letter to Earl St. Vincent is as creditable to the piety of the writer as the victory is glorious to him as a ſeaman. He begins his diſpatches with attributing the glory of the victory to God. He does not, like the impious general of the French, uſe the name of the Moſt High, for the purpoſe of blaſpheming him, or of denying his power. We truſt, there is no Engliſhman in whom the recital of the action did not excite a feeling correſpondent to that which was felt by the brave writer.

By letters from Vienna, dated the 19th of Sept. it appears that the intelligence of Sir Horatio Nelſon's glorious victory had been received in that city, with the moſt lively and univerſal ſenſations of joy; the lower order of people, in particular, appeared to be tranſported with the ſucceſs of the Britiſh Fleet; indeed, the diſpoſition manifeſted by them, and by the ſoldiery on this and other occaſions if properly roufed and animated, would render them capable of the nobleſt exertions.

From Conſtantinople we have received advice, that the Grand Vizer, and the Mufti have been diſmiſſed from their ſtations, for not ſhewing themſelves ſufficiently active and patriotic in the preſent circumſtances.

(Another letter, ſame date.)

War between the Porte and France appears now determined on, and the preparations making for it, become every day more active.

It was at firſt ſight propoſed to ſend the French Plenipotentiary to the Seven Towers, but the Spaniſh and Batavian Miniſters procured this to be changed to confinement in his own houſe, where a ſtrong guard is ſet over him. In Egypt and on the Red Sea, meaſures are taken to ſeize all the proviſions purchaſed for the French, and ſtrangle thoſe who have furniſhed them.

NEW-YORK, December 4.

The Turkiſh emperor has *terminated* the war with the rebel Paſwan Oglou, governor or Pacha of an Eaſtern province, but formally announced War againſt both the Algerines and French.

Almoſt the only *manufacture* which the French now carry on, is the *manufacture* of Governments, and the only foreign trade they have, is in the export of Conſtitutions. Theſe wares, however, ſeem to have only a forced circulation. The article does not appear, indeed, to be of the beſt materials, nor of the firſt workmanſhip. It coſts very dear, and is of ſo flimſy a texture, as to require very frequent repairs!

All the letters from the right ſhore of the Rhine and the interior of Germany, ſpeak of the immenſe warlike preparations carrying on there, and of the apprehenſion of a new coalition in the north, directed againſt the French republic. The conduct of Pruſſia is wary and politic; that power, however, is at this moment augmenting its army very conſiderably. The French government, on its part, is preparing for any event that may happen. The armies of the Rhine become daily more formidable—upwards of 60,000 men are already collected between the Lahn, the Sieg, the Wupper and the Nidda—200 pieces of ordnance are aſſembled on the plain of Neuwied. [*Bruſſels paper.*]

BOSTON, November 28.

OF PREDICTIONS.

In the letters of the "*Turkiſh Spy*," written between the years 1659 and 1682, and publiſhed in London in 1763, is the following ſingularity:—"It is recorded of this lady [Margaret of Valois] that ſhe practized with wizards and magicians, who in an enchanted glaſs ſhewed her who ſhould reign in France for the time to come.—Firſt, appeared Henry IV—then Louis XIII—next Louis XIV. &c, and after him a pack of Jeſuits, who ſhould boliſh the monarchy, and govern themſelves."

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, *DECEMBER 5.*

AS the Committee appointed at a meeting of Citizens, on the 16th ult. in their report to another meeting, convened on the 23d, allude to preliminary meaſures, occupying the attention of the City Corporation, for obtaining the great object of introducing into the city a ſupply of pure and wholeſome water, for drinking and culinary purpoſes, and the occaſional flooding of the ſtreets with lively currents of water; and as, on that baſis is the reference to the City Corporation, in the memorial agreed to be preſented to the Legiſlature, at the approaching ſeſſion, it is thought proper to ſtate that the commencing of preliminary meaſures, by the City Corporation, for introducing water, ſo alluded to, arole from well authenticated information, that certain reſolutions, pointing to that important end, had paſſed the Common Council unanimouſly, and from an impreſſion, that they could not fail obtaining the full concurrence of the Select Council.

The following are the Reſolutions paſſed by the Common Council, with blanks only, for the names of places therein mentioned.

In COMMON COUNCIL, *November* 12, 1798

Reſolved, That the Reſolutions containing preliminary meaſures for watering the city, which were adopted in this Council on the 9th day of Auguſt laſt, and ſent to the Select Council for concurrence, but not acted on by that branch previous to the 2d Tueſday in October laſt, and by that means become inchoate, be referred to a joint committee of the Select and Common Councils.

Reſolved, That the ſaid Committee be inſtructed to aſcertain the quantity of water iſſuing in any given time from and alſo from any other ſources of good water which may be found between the ſaid and this city, ſo ſituate as to anſwer the purpoſe of auxiliary in the event of waters proving in any degree inſufficient for a ſupply to the city; and that the ſaid Committee be further inſtructed to aſcertain the practicability, and if practicable, the moſt eligible route or courſe by which the ſaid waters can with the greateſt facility and leaſt expence, be conducted and introduced into this city. And, in order that the ſaid Committee may be the better enabled to aſcertain the important information contemplated in theſe reſolutions, be it further

Reſolved, That they be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to contract with, engage, and employ, for ſuch reaſonablec ompenſation as they can agree for, any ſkilful and competent perſon or perſons that they may find it neceſſary to employ for carrying into full and complete effect the objects of their appointment.

Reſolved, That a joint Committee be appointed to draft a memorial to be early preſented to the Legiſlature, at their firſt meeting in ſeſſion requeſting their aid for introducing water into the city for the uſe and health of its inhabitants.

Reſolved, That a joint committee be appointed to examine what means and reſources are poſſeſſed and attainable by the city for obtaining and introducing a ſupply of good water, independent of legiſlative aid, and to digeſt and prepare a plan for acquiring the neceſſary means to ſupply any deficiency of the city's corporate income, and make report thereon to the Councils.

Ordered, That the foregoing reſolutions be ſent to the Select Council, and their concurrence be requeſted.

In COMMON COUNCIL, Auguſt 9, 1791.

Reſolved, That a joint committee of the Select and Common Council be appointed for the following purpoſes, and that they be inveſted with full authority and power to carry the ſame into effect.

To employ a ſkilful and judicious perſon to aſcertain with accuracy the quantity and force of waters.

To employ one or more ſkillful and judicious perſons to ſurvey and take the levels of the country between or any other ſtreams or heads of water that may ſeem eligible for the purpoſe of watering the city, and the higheſt ground between the rivers Delaware and Schuylkill, within the limits of the city, or in the Northern Liberties contiguous to the city, and to aſcertain the beſt route or courſe for conducting thereto the waters of ſaid or other ſtreams, having regard to the following points, viz. diſtance, reſpective aſcents or deſcents, quality of ſoil for digging, and what lands of private perſons may be interſected in purſuing the moſt favorable rout; to report the courſes and diſtances of the moſt eligible rout, as well as the levels, together with a true and fair copy of their field notes. And if the report of the perſons employed on the above objects are favorable to the further proſecution of introducing the above waters, then the ſaid committee are to unite with the mayor, in inviting, by public advertiſement and otherwiſe, the offers of propoſals to contract for the digging of the ground, the materials and conſtruction of pipes and aqueducts, exhibiting a clear deſcription of the modes which may be propoſed, the ſecurity which can be given for a due and faithful performance of contract and ſtipulations, with the ſums required for ſuch performance, and the payments which will be called for in the different ſtages of the work.

We tranſlate the following intereſting article from the Spectateur du Nord of the 28th November. It is a Poſtſcript to a letter from the Editor to one of his Subſcribers.

"Behold, Monſieur, the news of the halt of the Ruſſian troops contradicted. Nay, further, we are aſſured that the firſt diviſion of that army arrived at Teſchen the 20th of this month. An event ſtill more important is the paſſage of a Ruſſian fleet of twelve ſail of the line and of ſix frigates through the Dardanelles, on the firſt of September. This event muſt prove all-important, if the fleet carries the troops deſtined to ſuccour the king of Naples, againſt whom it is ſaid the Directory is already about to commence hoſtilities.

The ſailing of the Breſt fleet has been alſo announced,—but rather vaguely. This fleet would be able to excite new inquietudes for Ireland, if it had not to meet a Nelſon in its way."

It is worthy note, that poor Logan, the more frequently he appears before the public, the more incoherent and nonſenſical does his conduct ſtrike us. And herein he reſembles a certain inanimate body, of which Cervantes ſays, "the more you ſtir it," &c.

We have long heard much of French magnanimity. Perhaps this quality can in no other ſituatio be ſo eminently diſplayed, as in adverſity. God be praiſed, ſhe has now ample ſcope.

The election in Lyon's diſtrict came on yeſterday. Recent events have had a very proper effect on the lately deluded clan of this filthy reproach to humanity.

The magnanimous conduct of Mr. Sedgwick, in deſcending from a higher branch of the Government to the Houſe of Repreſentatives, in order to exclude a foul reproach to the country and to human nature, merits the grateful recollection of every honeſt American. It is to be regreted that ſuch inſtances are ſo rare.

LOGAN, *the Fooliſh.*

This agent of Mammon, publiſhed, a few days ſince, a certificate of his *civiſm*, ſigned by a number of Americans in France. On this liſt are to be found the names of villains who have been publicly advertiſed as pirates, —depredators on the goods and veſſels of their own fellow-citizens. *Improbis loudari, vituperari eſt.* This poor, addled cats-paw of our infamous *Vice*, thus affords a new illuſtration of an old ſaying. "Give him rope enough, and he will hang himſelf."

The rejection of *Dearborn*, author of the ſcandalous propoſitions on the ſubject of the Britiſh treaty, by a large majority of the diſtrict he attempted to repreſent, leaves Mr. Varnum in a ſituation, where he has room for the moſt ample diſplay of magnanimity, and patriotiſm, or the moſt unprincipled, baſe, and atrocious obſtinacy. He will prove himſelf a reflecting, rational being, or a ſtupid, malicious and inſenſible automaton.

Citizen Varnum, the ſoi-diſant *Republican* General, from the State of Maſſachuſetts ſtands in perhaps one of the moſt conſpicuous attitudes that ever an individual was placed in—a ſituation grateful to the feelings of a truly *candid* man, and a fit exaltation to infamy to the obſtinate, unprincipled caboliſt. Citizen Varnum has his choice; and it reſts with him to blot out his name from the moſt damning records that ever met the indignation of mankind, or to immortalize it along with them. Never was man more truly *faber ſuæ fortunæ.*

The Dagger-Men, it ſeems, had prepared ſomething, which was called, "the addreſs of the United Iriſhmen." This was put into the hands of *Jaſper*, in order to be pruned of its barbarities. He promiſed at the beginning of laſt week, to give it place in the courſe of that week. But the keen indignation of the public, excited by the daring deſigns of theſe villains, has deprived them of their wonted aſſurance. The piece has not appeared.

OUTLINE

Of the origin, character and views of the ſocieties of UNITED IRISHMEN, in Philadelphia, and elſewhere in the United States.

It cannot be unknown to moſt of the readers of this Gazette, that Ireland, though more ſeriouſly agitated within a ſhort time paſt, has been kept in turmoil for the laſt twenty years, by a ſet of wild, ferocious and untameable ſavages, who, like the democrats of America, could only be happy amidſt general confuſion and ruin.

The vigour of government, continually cruſhing the conſpiracies of theſe vipers, drove them from home to infeſt other countries, or, more happily for other countries, compelled them to expiate their treaſons on the gallows. Since this country was diſcovered from Great-Britain, the vagabonds and renegadoes of Ireland, outlaws, aſſaſſins, traitors, and fugitives from juſtice of every deſcription have flocked hither in ſuch alarming *quantities*, that we at length behold them boaſting of "thirty or forty thouſand effective men," enrolled in the liſts of United Iriſhmen.

But ſince the bleſſed revolutionary age firſt dawned upon us, theſe gangs of invaders have horribly progreſſed both in number and atrocity of character.

Without beſtowing our attention (now too late) on that funereal policy, which beheld theſe deſtructive intruſions ſo long, with apathy, it is time for us ſeriouſly to ſet about the means of evading the deſtruction which theſe mighty forces are preparing for us. A fact, which I will juſt mention *en paſſant*, will ſhew that the conſequence I have uniformly attributed to this evil, is neither unfounded nor extravagant. There came to Philadelphia within a few days, an Iriſhman, lately arrived in America, who had been five times under the gallows, but had contrived to ward off the ſtroke of juſtice by making and promiſing to make further confeſſions and diſcloſures; the importance of ſome of theſe releaſed his neck from the nooſe, on condition of his taking himſelf out of the dominions of Britain. He is now here, a flaming patriot, full of liberty and equality, and the impreſcriptible rights of man.

I am alarmed to enregiſter the cruel fact, that this Bloodhound was entertained at the table of a Federaliſt. But it is nothing new—unleſs ſome abhorrence can be excited againſt theſe wretches (for there is none now) we ſhall ſee this man, in a few years, in the Aſſembly, or in Congreſs,—a Governor's Secretary, or a Chief Juſtice. Such are the rewards of *patriotiſm* in America.

But this is a ſolitary inſtance—the laſt three years have abounded in ſuch; and by ſuch men have been inſtituted the ſocieties of United Iriſhmen in Philadelphia. Such is their *origin*—ſuch their *character*.

Of their *views*, ſomething remains to be ſaid; which much occupation compels me to reſerve for a future paper.

CONGRESS.

This day a quorum of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States being aſſembled, the conſtitutional oath was adminiſtered by the Speaker to four new members, who appeared and took their ſeats. The uſual order for ſupplying the members, during the ſeſſion, with three newſpapers printed in this city, was agreed to, and the Houſe underſtanding that the Senate had not yet formed a quorum, adjourned till to-morrow morning 11 o'clock.

The following Members of the Senate appeared this day, in addition to thoſe already mentioned,—viz.

Mr. Bloodworth,
Mr. Chipman,
Mr. Goodhue, and
Mr. Lawrence,

Making the whole number fifteen. Two more are requiſite to conſtitute a quorum

The Board of Managers of the Mairne and City Hoſpitals will be ready to meet at the Health Office, No. 32 Walnut-ſtreet, tomorrow evening at half paſt ſix o'clock, the Committee of the Citizens, appointed to ſelect ſuitable perſons in each ward to carry into effect the meaſures contemplated by the late meeting of the Citizens, at the City Hall.

WILLIAM JONES, Preſident.

To Mr. Levi Hollingsworth.

The Gentlemen nominated as a Committee for the ſeveral wards of the City, the Northern and Southern Liberties and Moyamenſing for the purpoſe of ſelecting ſuitable perſons in their reſpective diſtricts for carrying into effect the object of their appointment, as communicated to them in their ſeveral Notices under date of the 27 November laſt, will pleaſe attend at the Health office on Thurſday evening, the 6th December.

It is expected the committee will be prepared with names in their diſtricts, to carry the ſalutary views of a general purification of houſes, beds, &c. ſuppoſed to be infected into full operation. A liſt of the committee is hereby ſubjoined, in order to call their immediate attention to a ſubject of ſuch importance to the future health and proſperity of Philadelphia.

George Budd, George Ingle, Joſeph Cowperthwait,—Northern Liberties.
Godfrey Haga, North Mulberry Ward.
Thomas Allibone. South Mulberry.
Nicholas Diehl, Upper Delaware.
Jonathan Wiſlis. Lower Delaware.
Mahlon Hutchinſon. High ſtreet.
Charles Pleaſants, North Ward.
John Stille, Cheſnut.
Iſaac Paxſon, Middle Ward.
Ebenezer Large, Walnut.
Thomas Harriſon, South Ward.
Miers Fiſher, Dock.
Thomas Attmore, New-Market.
Richard Tittermary, Robert Jones, Joſeph Marſh, jun.— Southwark.
Joſeph Burd, Moyamenſing.

By order of the meeting at City Hall, 27th November, 1798,

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH, Chairman.

Philadelphia, 5th December, 1798.

What ſenſations muſt the Chriſtian language of Admiral Nelſon, produce in the minds of every friend of religion and morality! Unlike the Infidelian bombaſt of the French, he ſolemnly ſays, "*Almighty God has bleſſed his Majeſty's arms in the late battle*" Yes, virtuous, Chriſtian Nelſon, the richeſt laurels that ever crowned an Admiral, are in ſtore for you. You have *really* deſerved well of your country; you deſerve well of the world.

Trenton Fed.

"*Ariſtides*" *to-morrow.*

STATE LEGISLATURE.

Yeſterday afternoon fourteen members of the Senate of Pennſylvania, being a quorum of that body, aſſembled in their chamber. The Houſe of Repreſentatives not having formed a quorum, both houſes adjourned till this afternoon at three o'clock, when it is probable they will proceed to buſineſs.

Gazette Marine Liſt.

Arrived at Baltimore, Dec. 3, Triumph, Furlong, Liverpool, 40 days.

Left at ditto, Warren, Fawn, of New-York, armed with 16 guns; Caledonia, Mallabree, of do. 20 guns—to ſail by the middle of October.

The Triumph was boarded by a Britiſh man of war off Cape Clear on the 15th of October, who informed him that he had ſpoken an American ſhip the day previous, who was boarded by a French ſquadron from Breſt, in lat. 47, long. 25, ſteering W, by N. ſuppoſed for Ireland.

New York, December 4.

ARRIVED,

Ship Brothers, Cummins,	Liverpool
Brig Union, Leonard,	Iſle of May
Betſey, Dock,	St. Bartholomews
Endeavour, Rice,	Bourdeaux
Schr. Dorathea,	Peterſburgh
Defiance, Cliffin,	Surrinam
William, Abraham,	Wilmington
Sloop Aurora, Bardick,	George-town
Aurora,	Charleſton

CLEARED,

Ship Joſeph, Kopes,	Liſbon
Schr. Ann, Quinton,	St. Johns

WILL BE SOLD,

At 9 o'clock on Saturday Morning,

At the Corner of Tenth and Cheſnut ſtreets,

ALL THE STOCK IN TRADE

Of the late JAMES THORBURN,

Stone-Cutter, deceaſed. viz.

Marble Chimney Pieces, and Hearth Stone Sills, Jaccas, Cellar Door Cheeks

A LARGE QUANTITY OF

UNWROUGHT MARBLE,

And ſundry Tools, *&c. &c.*

ALSO,

The un-expired time of a Leaſe of the Lot, whereon are Erected, a Comfortable

DWELLING-HOUSE AND SHEAD,

Suitable for the Stone-Cutting Buſineſs.

Conditions will be made known at the time of Sale, CONNELLY & Co.

auctioneer.

dec. 5. dts

THE CREDITORS OF

JOSEPH THOMAS,

ARE earneſtly requeſted to meet at the CITY-TAVERN, on Saturday next, at ſix o'clock in the evening, on buſineſs to them of the utmoſt importance.

dec. 5.

CORDAGE.

Philadelphia, dec. 5, 1796.

To be Sold by Public Auction,

ON THURSDAY MORNING,

the 6th inſtant, at 10 o'clock,

At the Stores of Mr. Peter Blight, on ſouth ſtreet wharf,

A Quantity of Cordage,

of the following deſcription,

(quite new)

1 cable, 13 inches, 120 fathoms
4 do. 7 do. do. do.
3 coils 4 do. rope
1 do. 3 1-2 do. do.
2 do. ratline
2 do. ſpun-yarn

Alſo, 119 yards ſecond-hand canvaſs

Approved notes, at 60 days, will be received in payment. FOOTMAN & Co. Auct'rs

Philadelphia, December 5th, 1798.

Juſt Publiſhed,

And to be had of THOMAS DOBSON, at the Stone-houſe, no. 41, ſouth Second ſtreet,

(Price 50 Cents)

MEMOIRS

OF THE

YELLOW FEVER;

Which prevailed in Philadelphia, and other parts of the United States, in the ſummer and autumn of the preſent year 1798,

INCLUDING

TABLES of the weather, and the daily Returns of the ſick and dead.

The proceedings of the Board of Health, and Guardians of the Poor.

With the various events of each day noted at the time of their occurrence; and all the publications worthy of notice that appeared in the different newſpapers during the continuance of the diſeaſe.

TO WHICH IS ADDED

A collection of Facts reſpecting the

ORIGIN OF THE FEVER,

By WILLIAM CURRIE,

Author of the "Hiſtorical Account of the Climates and Diſeaſes of the United States," and of "Obſervations on the Cauſes and Cure of Bilious Fevers." &c. &c. ¶1t

FOR SALE,

No. 7, SOUTH FOURTH-STREET.

1000 pieces Nankeens,

A Box of Silks

20 Boxes powdered Sugar Candy of 133wt.

A parcel very fine Caſſia.

C HAIGHT.

dec 5 3aw2w

A capital ſtand for Buſineſs.

TO BE RENTED,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN,

On the 8th day of February.

THE commodious Four Story Brick Houſe on the South ſide of Market, near Water-ſtreet, at preſent occupied as a Tavern, by Thomas Palmer. For terms, Enquire at the office of this Gazette.

dec 5 2awtf

☞ THE OFFICE

OF the Committee appointed to ſuperintend the building of the Frigate, is again opened at No. 95, South Front Street, where attendance will be given to receive the ſubſcriptions of thoſe gentleman who have not yet made payments.

november 12. dtf

PROPOSALS,

BY THE

Insurance Company of North America.

For INSURANCE against FIRE, on Dwelling-Houses, Ware-Houses, and other Buildings (and on Goods contained in such Buildings) distant from Philadelphia, in the United States.

I. Common Insurances, on hazards of the first class, will be undertaken at a premium of about half per cent. per annum. For extra hazardous risques a larger premium will be required, which will vary according to circumstances, seldom exceeding one per cent. per annum; but in some instances, where the property insured is not only in itself extra hazardous, but rendered still more so by the vicinity of extra hazardous buildings and occupations, the premium demanded will be raised according to circumstances.

Houses and Ware-Houses, the walls and partitions of which are wholly of stone or brick, well constructed, so as to be guarded as well as may be against fires from within, and free from extra hazardous buildings and occupations in their neighborhood, will be deemed hazardous of the first class, and may be insured to their full value.

Also Goods and Merchandize, not of an extra hazardous kind, in casks, bales, or packages, deposited in such buildings, to an amount not exceeding 4000 dollars; but if more than this sum is required to be insured in one tenement, an additional premium will be required, in proportion to circumstances.

II. Insurances will also be made on buildings and goods extra hazardous, at premiums proportioned to the risque. But it is not easy to arrange these under particular heads or classes, so as to describe each with the necessary accuracy. Each case must therefore be decided upon according to the circumstances attending it; and these circumstances will, in general, appear from the description accompanying the application.

Buildings partly constructed of brick or stone, are preferable to those wholly wooden. And in both cases, the stile of building, how they are occupied, how they are situated, the neighboring buildings, and how occupied, are considerations to be taken into view. And with respect to goods, their tendency, whether from their nature, or from the manner in which they are exposed, either to commence or to increase an accidental fire, and their liability, in such state to receive damage by wet, or by sudden and hasty removal, or to be stolen in time of confusion and hurry, are all circumstances of weight; and the premiums must be proportioned accordingly.

III. The following conditions are to be understood by the parties.

1st. The Insurance is not binding till the stipulated premium be paid; but it shall be deemed effectual from the time of such payment and acceptance thereof, whether the policy be immediately signed or not.

2d. Insurances may be renewed at the expiration of the term of the policy, without further expenses than the payment of the premium of the renewed term, the circumstances continuing the same as they were understood by the Insurers at the time the former insurance was made; but the payment of the premium is essential to such renewal; and if the party insured suffers any time to elapse after the expiration of the former insurance, before he pays a premium for the renewal, he is not insured during such time; nor can the insurance be renewed on the former policy but by computing the commencement of the renewal from the expiration of the former insurance. The subject of insurance may nevertheless be open to treaty for a new insurance.

3d. If any other insurance be made on the same property; it must be made known at the time of application, otherwise the policy made on such application will be void.

4th. Goods held in trust, or on consignment, may be insured as such in a separate policy; but [illegible]

5th. This company will not be liable or accountable for any loss or damage occasioned by any foreign invasion, or by any military or usurped force or by reason of any civil commotion; or occasioned by gunpowder, aquafortis or other thing of the like kind kept in the building, or amongst the property insured.

6th. Bills of Exchange, Bonds and other Securities, Title Deeds, Money, Bank and other promissery Notes, are not included in any insurance; nor are paintings, medals, jewels, gems, antique curiosities, or mirrors exceeding the value of twenty-five dollars each, to be considered as insured unless particularly mentioned and by special agreement.

7th. No insurance will be made for a shorter term than one year, nor for a longer term than seven years. Persons choosing to insure for seven years shall be allowed one year's premium by way of discount: One third of a years premium shall be abated in like manner on an insurance for three years.

8th. Losses sustained by fire on property insured, shall be paid in thirty days after due proof and liquidation thereof, without deduction.

A description of the property to be insured will be expected with each application, to be made by a master carpenter and signed by him, as well as by the owner of the building or applicant for insurance, and attested before a Notary or principal Magistrate, who will certify his knowledge of the parties and their credibility.

With respect to Houses and other Buildings.

1st. The site and position; describing the street or road on or near which the building stands; its contiguity to water, and other circumstances relative to the extinguishment of fire in case of accident; and particularly whether any and what fire companies are established, and engines provided, in the place or neighbourhood.

2d. The materials of which it is built, whether of brick, stone or wood, and what part of each, as well as to the outside walls as inside or partition walls, and their respective height and thickness; the style of the roof and of what materials; how secured by battlements or party walls; what kind of access to the top of the house and to the chimnies; whether any and what electric rods; the number and kind of fire places; and the kind of deposit for ashes.

3d. The dimensions of the building and how divided, and the style in which it is finished so as to enable indifferent persons to judge in what manner it is to be repaired or rebuilt in case of injury; the age and condition of the building, and how occupied, whether merely as a dwelling house, or for any other, and for what purpose, also an estimate of the value of the house or building independent of the ground.

4th. The situation with respect to other buildings or back buildings, whether adjoining or not, comprehending at least one hundred feet each way: what kind of buildings are within that distance, how built, of what materials, and how occupied or improved, whether as dwellings for private families or otherwise: whether any and what trade or manufactory is carried on, and particularly whether there be any extra hazardous articles used, or usually deposited in the house, or within the distance aforesaid, and of what kind.

Respecting *goods* in Houses, Warehouses, &c.

1. A general description of the building in which they are kept will be expected, similar in all respects, as to the danger from fire, with that required for Insurance on the buildings themselves.

2. A description of the kinds and nature of the goods, whether in casks or other packages, or opened; and whether displayed in whole pieces or in the usual form for retailing. And if the goods vary materially in kind, a general estimate of the value of each kind proposed to be insured; but in the last particular minuteness of description is not expected.

3. Articles of the following kinds are deemed extra-hazardous, though in various degrees, in whatever building they may be placed, viz. pitch, tar, turpentine, rosin, wax, tallow, oil, inflammable spirits, sulphur, hemp, flax, cotton, dry goods of an inflammable kind, opened.—Glass, china ware or procelain, especially unpacked; Looking glasses, jewelery; and all other articles more than commonly inflammable, or more than commonly liable to injury by sudden removal or by moistures, or particularly obnoxious to theft on an alarm of fire.

Letters post paid, directed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, will be duly attended to. An *order* for Insurance accompanied by the means of paying the premium, will be immediately executed on the premium being paid. If the application contain an *enquiry* only, it will be answered.

By order of the Board,

Ebenezer Hazard, sec'ry.

Office of the Insurance Company *of* North America; *Philad. Feb.* 1, 1798.

feb 1 tamtf

LARENCE SECKEL,

No. 155, *Market-Street.*

First quality London Particular } WINES.
Madeira, Port, Sherry and Lisbon }
Cogniac Brandy, 1st to 4th proof. Spirits.

By the Pipe, Hhd, Quarter-cask or Gallon.

dec 3 mw&f2w

IMPORTED

In the last arrivals from Bremen, Hamburg and Amsterdam,

AND FOR SALE,

AT REASONABLE PRICES AND ON A LIBERAL CREDIT, BY

PRATT & KINTZING,

No. 95, North Water street.

215 bales & boxes Ticklenburghs,
hempen linens and oznabrigs from 1/5 to 3/ per ell
70 do. bleached and brown hessians
40 do. brown rolls suitable for coffee bags
20 do. strong do. do. for cotton do.

30 chests platillas	2 do. sealing-wax
3 do. dowlas	3 packages oil-cloth
30 do. creas a la Morlaix	4 do. sail-twine
12 do. estopailles	1 do. watches
15 do. Bielefeld linen	14 pipes Port wine
90 do. patterbornes	92 cases claret
45 do Brittanias	130 do. fine long corked claret
1 do. Holland canvass	1600 bushels fine salt
1 do. Russia do.	40 casks of roll brimstone
3 do. Russia sheetings	200 casks of naval stores.
1 do. ravens duck	50 logs prime mahogany
2 do. Russia drillens	4 hhds. coffee mills
1 do. brown holland	6 bundles German steel
2 do. Silesia rouans	10 chests of slates and pencils
1 do. Wahrendrop linen	A package of skates
1 do. Caraudoles	A do. woolen caps, &c.
1 do. Flemish linens	4 chests of Nurenberg toys
1 do. cambricks and lawns	40 kegs of yellow ochre
1 do diaper	3 hhds. Glue
12 do. stripes	8 barrels of Lentilles
18 do. checks	5 chests of prime red crult Holland cheese
2 do. siamois	30 kegs of pearl barley
1 do. Arabia stripe	60 boxes of capers
1 do. bunting for colors	400 sides of upper and soal leather
1 packa. Madras handkerchiefs	300 boxes window glass
1 do. Turkey yarn	800 Demijohns
6 bales empty bags	50 boxes glass tumblers assorted
1 chest hair ribband	2 hhds. pumice stone
3 boxes tapes, assorted	1 box of mill saws
2 do. bobbin, assorted	1 cask of cutlery
1 box threads & tapes	A quantity of stone jugs and pickling pots
1 do. fine blue listados	A few ships anchors, &c.
5 chests men's slippers	
3 do bed ticks	
2 casts hog's bristles	
6 chests writing paper	
4 do. quills	

november 12 tu&f-tf

JOHN SHIELDS,

BROKER,

Embraces this opportunity to present his thanks to his fellow-citizens for their past favors and acquaints them that he is returned from Chesnut Hill, *to his former residence, the House No.* 22 Chesnut *between* Front *and* Second-street,

WHERE he holds himself ready to execute their commands in every branch of his profession, trusting that from a residence in this city of 35 years he has it in his power to render them essential service, assuring them that his commission shall be as low as any in Town.

Lotts, Lands, Houses, Vessels, Certificates of every description and Bills of Exchange, bought and sold, the docketts carefully examined and clear titles made upon the shortest notice, by the public's humble servant,

John Shields.

☞ Good negotiable Notes discounted at a low premium.

november 7 3awtf

To be Sold,

OR EXCHANGED,

For property in the City, or within Thirty miles of it,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION,

IN Tuscorora Valley, Mifflin county, containing about three hundred acres, the whole capable of cultivation. At present there is about 50 acres cleared, 20 of which is a rich bottom of Meadow Ground, enriched by a never failing stream, that has fall and water enough for all the purposes of a Country Mill. For further information apply at No. 68, Market street.

november 20 taw

DANCING SCHOOL.

WILLIAM M'DOUGALL presents his respectful compliments to the public: takes the liberty of informing them, that at the request of many of his former employers, he will open his SCHOOL, at his BALL ROOM, in Fourth, between Chesnut and Walnut streets, on the first Monday of December—For Young Ladies at ten o'clock in the morning—and for Gentlemen, at six in the evenings of Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

nov. 28 eoim

EDUCATION.

SAMUEL MOON, jun'rs School,

IN CHURCH ALLEY,

IS open again, for instructing Girls in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, including the Elements of Geometry, and the use of the Globes.—From the great encouragement he has hitherto received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the favours of his Friends and the Public.

☞ An Evening School,

For *BOYS*—Kept at the same place.

Samuel Potter, William Page and Thomas Price,

No. 31 CHESNUT STREET,

Are now opening a very extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the present season.

Which they have just received per Ships Factor, Boyne, Otsego & Independence, *(via New York) from* LONDON,

Also, per ships William Penn & Amiable from LONDON, and ships Sally and Thomas from LIVERPOOL,

Which they will sell on very low terms for cash or approved notes, viz.

Common and superfine cloths	7-8 fancy and chinz callicoes
Plain & fancy coatings	7-8 common and chintz furnitures
Plain and striped cassimeres	A very large quantity of *chintzes*
Swansdowns	Purple and chintz shawls
Rose and duffill blankets	Linen and lawn pocket
Red and yellow flannels	handkerchiefs
Fine Welch flannels	Camels' hair shawls
Carpets and carpeting	A very large assortment of ribbonds
Jeannetts & tabby cords	British plain checked, striped and tamboured muslins of all descriptions
Velvetvens & velveretts	Colored bordered shawls, a great variety
Thicksetts	5-4 and 6-4 conjeverams and bettilees
Calhmancoes, durants & jeans	india book & jaconet muslins
Silk, cotton, and worsted hose	Laces and edgings
Cotton, callicoe, & twist checks	Black and patent lace
Dimicles	Lace veils and figured cloaks
3-4 and 7-8 dowlass	Pulongs and fattins
Damask table linen	Persians and farfanets
4-4 and 6-4 sheetings	Silk modes
Irish linens	
Ginghams	
Bandannoes	
A very large quantity of	

And a variety of other articles.

Nov. 3 tu.th fa.1m

IMPORTED,

From Hamburgh, Bremen, and London,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

An assortment of German Linens,

CONSISTING OF

Ticklenburgs
Osnaburgs
Weser linen
Checks and stripes
Bielefeld linen
Brown silesias
Silesia lawns
Siamois, &cs &c.

150 Boxes of Claret.

5 Boxes of hollow glass ware
12 casks of Russia bristles

ALSO ON HAND,

1 Box of Irish Linens.

1 Trunk silk goods
1 Box of Gingham,

And a complete assortment of

English Buttons.

Erich & Lewis Bollman,

No. 100, Spruce street.

november 19 eo1ot

Just Imported,

Iron cannon, double fortified, Woolwich proof, with their carriages complete—3, 4, 6 and 9 pounders.
Carronades, Woolwich proof, with carriages, &c. complete—12, 18 and 24 pounders.
Cannon powder in kegs of 25lbs. each
Round, double-headed, and cannister shot
Patent sheathing copper, bright, assorted 18, 20, 22, 24, 26 and 28 or per square foot, sheets 48 by 14 inches, suitable for vessels from 100 to 1000 tons
Copper nails, bolts and spikes
Boarding Pikes,
Common cutlasses
Gunners stores of all kinds
Tin-plates No 1—1-3 cross boxes
Patent shot in casks of 5cwt. each
London porter and brown stout, in casks of 7 doz. bottled.
Earthen ware in crates, assorted

For Sale by

SIMON WALKER,

Pine near 5th street.

October 29. co.tf

JOHN J. PARRY,

CLOCK & WATCHMAKER,

HAS again opened at his usual Stand, No. 38, *South Second street—where he has for Sale,*

A VARIETY OF

Excellent Gold & Silver Watches,

AND A FEW

Eight Day Cclocks,

Which will be warranted to give satisfaction.

An assortment of

Gold, Steel and Gilt chains, Seals and Keys. All kinds of Clock and Watch work done with particular attention as heretofore.

☞ An Apprentice wanted.

november 12 *m.w&f.3w.*

FOR SALE.

Rice, in whole and half Tierces.

Sherry, and Teneriffe } WINES.

Carolina and Georgia Indigo.

AND A PARCEL OF

Shipping Furs and Skins.

Apply to

N. & J. Frazier,

No. 95, So. Front Street.

november 13 3taw3w

NOTICE

To Owners of CARRIAGES, *and* RETAILERS *of* WINE & SPIRITS.

IN consequence of the late Epidemic in this City, numbers have neglected to enter their Carriages, also the retailers of Wine and Spirits to call and take out their Licences. The health of the City returning, the Office is removed from Germantown to its former place, No. 49 North Third-street, where those who have neglected must call and pay the duty on their Carriages, and those retailers take out their Licences—Their ready compliance will prevent incurring the penalty of the Law.

JAMES ASH, Collector of the 1st Division of 1st Survey of the district of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Office of Inspection } No. 49, North Third-street. }

☞ The STAMP PRESS is kept at this Office.

nov 9 mw&f3w

French Language.

G. DUFIEF,

No. 63, SOUTH SECOND STREET,

WILL OPEN

His DAY and EVENING SCHOOL,

On Wednesday, the 14th Inst.

N. B.—Private Tuition attended to as usual and Translations from either Language into the other, performed with accuracy, secrecy, and dispatch.

nov. 10 ewtf

Samuel & Miers Fisher,

No. 27, DOCK-STREET.

Have received per the MORNING STAR, *from Teneriffe,*

Good Cargo Wine,

In Pipes, Hogsheads and Quarter Casks.

Per the PALLAS, *from Hamburgh,*

German Oznabrigs & Ticklenburgs.

And by the late arrivals from London, Liverpool, Bristol, Hull *and* Dublin,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

WOOLEN GOODS,

PRINCIPALLY ON CONSIGNMENT.

Which they are desirous of selling by the Package, in which are separately made up—the following articles on low terms:

Rose Blankets, 6 4, to 10-4
2 ½ & 3 point blankets
Mottled and green Rugs 6-4 to 3-4
Mixt and drab Forrest cloths, sorted
Fearnoughts
Blue Plains
Blue, mixt and drab plains, sorted prices
Mixt, twill'd, striped and blue coatings, do
Blue, mixt and brown kersey duffals, sorted colors and prices
Mill'd drab Broadcloths, sorted prices
Blue Broadcloths, do
Low priced Broadcloths, colors neatly sorted
Swansdown, striped and printed Kerseymeres
Mixed and sorted colored Kerseymeres
Neat super and superfine cloths, Elastics and Beverets
White, yellow and red Flannels, sorted prices
Green and white Baize
Yarn Hose and Caps
Coarse and fine Hats, in cases of 6 dozen each
20 pieces superfine wide Black Russels
Joans Spinning and Camblets
With an Invoice of common and fine drawn NAILS, flatt and sharp points, well assorted

They have also for Sale,

British Oznabrigs, Ravens Duck, Russia Sheetings } *IN BALES.*

Saxon and Bohemia Dowlas—in Chests
Brown quadruple Silesias and white Platillas, do
Irish Linens, in Boxes
Irish Dowlas, white and brown
Irish Sheetings, do
Irish Sacking
Shot, assorted. Red and White Lead and Spanish Brown
T Crawley Millington Steel
Queens ware, in Crates
Glass ware, in Crates and hogsheads
Newcastle Grindstones. Boxes tin plates
A few pipes London market Teneriffe Wine
India Romall Hdkfs., Long Cloths, Humhums } *IN BALES.*
Womans shoes, in barrels
Spermaceti Candles, in boxes.

11 mo 17 3aw6w

JAMES & RICHARD SMITH,

HAVE this day returned from the country to their STORE, No. 54, South-Front-street, where they have for sale, as usual, a large and general assortment of European and East-India

DRY GOODS;

most of which have now arrived and are landing, from the different vessels, from Hamburgh, London, Liverpool and Hull.

Their Customers by applying will find almost every article generally imported, and at as low prices for cash or credit, as they can be had elsewhere.

N. B. A few Cases of Nurenbergh TOYS, a consignment, to be sold by the case only.

Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1798. drf

Millenery Room,

No. 136, Market Street

THREE or four young women who are well acquainted with the Millenery business, and can bring good recommendations may be employed by applying as above to

D. CHRYSTAL.

nov. 26 §

English wrought Nails.

Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from LIVERPOOL.

400 Casks of Nails,

CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharps—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—sprigs—tucks—tenpper nails—sheathing nails, &c.

FOR SALE BY,

Robert Denison, junr.

127 Market-street.

FOR SALE,

To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever

Several valuable building Lots,

In Philadelphia,

Enquire of William M. Biddle, ne. 147, Chesnut-street.

nov. 22 §

For Sale, at the Stores of the Subscribers, on Walnut street Wharf,

195 casks of nails assorted
20 bales of sail canvass, from No. 1 to 8
53 casks yellow ochre
15 tierces bottled porter, 6 to 14 doz. each
London particular, India market } Madeira Wines
Teneriffe do. in hogsheads and pip
Old Port do. in hhds.
Empty Claret bottles
6 cases of Ginghams, Dimities, Muslinets &c. assorted for the West-India market
4, 10, and 9 inch cables and 10 coils of cordage
Writing slates, ink stands and presses
20 puncheons Jamaica rum
1 bale seaming twine
160 bundles sheathing paper

Nicklin & Griffith.

april 7 tuth&f.tf

Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

INTENDING to decline their present Business, offer for sale, at reduced prices, a handsome assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c. in lots to suit the purchasers.

John Green & Co.

No. 16, North Second street.

☞ Ironmongers

Will find the above Goods not unworty their attention.

nov. 23 §

TEA WAREHOUSE,

No 122, South Side of Market-street, between Third and Fourth-streets.

SARAH EATON,

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public, that she has removed from no. 39, south Front street, to Market street, where her friends and the public may depend on being supplied with all kinds of *TEAS* of the first qualities at moderate prices.

nov. 17 fe w.fr.6t

IMPORTED,

In the Ships Active and Liberty, from Hamburgh.

Ticklenburghs,
Oznabrigs,
White Platillas
Brown Silesias
Bretagnes
Hessian Rolls
Brown Russia Sheetings
German Lindseys,
Bed Ticks, &c.

For Sale by

GEORGE PENNOCK,

no. 103 Market-street.

nov 20 §

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of William Beauchamp, lately deceased, are desired to make immediate payment and those who have any claims against said Estate to produce their accounts properly attested to

Saml. Price, executor.

nov 20 dim

BEEF,

OF THE FIRST QUALITY,

And fit for India voyages.—For Sale By

WILLIAM SHEAFF,

No. 168, High Street.

nov. 23 drf

FOR SALE,

By the Subscriber,

Belfast Canvass, No. 1, to 7,

On moderate terms for Cash or a short credit.

James Lyle,

South Seventh street, near Chesnut.

nov 16 §

Forty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED,

From a Detachment of Men under my command, at Camp West Schuylkill, viz.

October 29.

GEORGE KELLER, 40 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height, dark hair and complexion, born in Holland, no Trade, speaks broken English and very talkative, has a dimple in his chin.

November 6. John Murphy, 27 years of age, 5 feet 7 ½ inches in height, grey eyes, dark hair and complexion, born in Ireland, city of Dublin, by trade a Hozier.

Jacob Iden, 34 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, grey eyes, sandy hair, fresh complexion, born in New-England, state of Connecticut, a repeated deserter, by trade a Blacksmith.

November 7. William Collins, 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, sandy hair, fresh complexion, grey eyes, born in Ireland, county of Wexford, by trade a Gardner, has worked for some time about Philadelphia, he is very fond to hear himself Sing.

All the above deserters are very much addicted to liquor, and will take other people's property if in their power, are artificially marked on their backs, had on, when they went away, their regimental clothing. Whosoever apprehends said deserters, shall receive forty dollars reward, or ten dollars for each, with all reasonable expences, by applying to me as above,

EDWARD MILLER, captain 2d regiment of Infantry commanding.

nov 10 §

BALLAST.

A QUANTITY to be disposed of, if applied for immediately, on board the Ship Louisa, lying MR. HUMPHREY'S Ship Yard.

november 10. §

ALL PERSONS having any legal demands against the estate of *William Perkins*, deceased, late of the city of Philadelphia, Tavern keeper, are requested to furnish their accounts properly authenticated, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to the subscriber in Philadelphia.

LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH Adminr.

October 31st, 1798.

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO WIT:

BE IT REMEMBERED,

(L S) THAT on the twelfth day of August, in the twenty-third year of the Independence of the United States of America, Benjamin Smith Barton, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book the right whereof he claims as author in the words following to wit:

"New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and "Nations of America—By Benjamin Smith Bar-"ton, M. D. Correspondent Member of the Socie-"ty of the Antiquaries of Scotland, Member of "the American Philosophical Society, Fellow of "the American Academy of Arts and Sciences of "Boston, Corresponding Member of the Massa-"chusetts Historical Society, and Professor of "Materia Medica, Natural History and Botany "in the University of Pennsylvania."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intitled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietor, of such copies during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk, Dist. of Penn'

November 2, 1798.

A Young Man,

WHO writes a good hand, understands accounts and can be well recommended, wants a Situation as Clerk or Assistant in a Wholesale Store, or Counting-house. Application to be made at this Office.

nov 14 §

A CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

JOHN A. SHAEFFER, of Philadelphia, who has for a few years past been in the southern States, has had the effrontery to draw several Bills of Exchange on Timothy Pickering, Esq. Secretary of State, and myself, and by that means has defrauded a number of persons of their money, deceiving them by an exhibition of letters and papers with the names affixed of divers public characters and reputable merchants highly recommendatory of said Shaeffer; to one of these papers I find my name subscribed, but I do not know the man; these are villainous forgeries! To prevent further imposition, I have to request the printers of Newspapers in the United States to publish this for the benefit of their fellow-citizens.

SAMUEL MEREDITH,

Treasurer of the United States.

Trenton, New-Jersey, October 24, 1798.

To be Let,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN ON THE 14TH APRIL NEXT,

THE CITY TAVERN,

Now in the possession of Samuel Richarder.

Apply at this Office.

november 13 §